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SCAPHIOPUS HOLBROOKII (Eastern Spadefoot). USA: VIRGINIA: CULPEPER Co.: Rixeyville, ca. 0.9 mi NNW of, along the Hazel River (38.5912°N, 77.9702°W; WGS 84). 23 July 2017. Joseph C. Barron II. Verified by Addison H. Wynn. National Museum of Natural History, Smithsonian Institution (USNM Herp Image 2904; photo voucher). Juvenile found midmorning. First county record, ca. 70 km west of the nearest verified records from Elizabeth Hartwell Mason Neck National Wildlife Refuge (USNM 230816, USNM 575086).

FAUQUIER Co.: Warrenton, ca. 5 mi SE of, Casanova, Rogues Rd, Pageland Farm (38.68972°N, 77.70444°W; WGS 84). 9 September 2018. Bruce B. Collette. Verified by Addison H. Wynn. USNM 575087. Subadult found midmorning floating dead in a swimming pool. First county record, ca. 48 km west of the nearest verified records from Elizabeth Hartwell Mason Neck National Wildlife Refuge (USNM 230816, USNM 575086).

These sightings, ca. 25 km apart, add to the small number of records of *S. holbrookii* known from the northern piedmont of Virginia and extend the range of the species toward the eastern edge of the Appalachian Mountains in that region (Mitchell and Reay 1999. Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries, Special Publication 1:1–122; <http://vertnet.org>, 24 Oct 2018; <http://virginiaherpetologicalsociety.com/county/county-herps.htm>, 24 Oct 2018). We made both observations during or after rain events; 20.3 mm fell the night before the Culpeper County individual was observed and 11.9 mm was recorded the day the Fauquier County specimen was found in the swimming pool (NOAA Stations US1VACP0002, US1VAFQ0001). Although we heard no calling prior to either observation, an active pastureland on a floodplain fed by Duncan Run and lying 175 m SSW of the Culpeper County locality may have suitable breeding sites for the species. Interestingly, no *Scaphiopus* have ever been seen or heard at a permanent pond near the entrance to Pageland Farm that has been monitored for about 30 years but offspring of several other species of local frogs that breed there have been found in the swimming pool 375 m to the west. Several ephemeral wetlands that exist elsewhere on the property are the likely breeding sites of the spadefoots. This specimen was collected under Virginia Wildlife Salvage Permit (#058773) issued to USNM by the Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries.

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